

Choose two answers

- 1 I found that the boat was difficult to steer. The synonyms of steer are..... and
a **learn** b **direct** c **lose** d **control** e **mislead**
- 2 The voice on the phone sounded familiar. The antonyms of familiar are and ...
a **unknown** b **clear** c **beloved** d **strong** e **strange**
- 3 You can't trick Gamal again; he is careful. Trick is the opposite in meaning to...and..
a **guide** b **deceive** c **help** d **mislead** e **cheat**
- 4 She helped him some new clothes.
a **choosing** b **to choose** c **chose** d **choice** e **choose**
- 5 The train the station 20 minutes late.
a **arrived in** b **went** c **arrived at** d **reached** e **got**
- 6 Your opinion will not my decision.
a **affect** b **effect** c **effective** d **influence** e **affection**
- 7 It is to take this medicine.
a **must** b **advise** c **a must** d **necessary** e **necessity**
- 8 If you need any help, you should Mr. Ali.
a **connect** b **contact** c **communicate with** d **choice** e **contact with**
- 9 Pollution..... so much damage to the environment.
a **does** b **makes** c **reasons** d **causes** e **helps**
- 10 Having a degree is a huge..... when it comes to getting a job.
a **merit** b **advantage** c **defect** d **positive** e **cons**
- 11 The verb..... collocates with "operation".
a **do** b **make** c **carry** d **have** e **help**
- 12 The police who committed the crime.
a **invented** b **founded** c **found out** d **discovered** e **explored**
- 13 They decided to online courses.
a **join** b **take part** c **do** d **take place** e **enroll**
- 14 The harder you work, the more money you.....
a **gain** b **earn** c **make** d **do** e **beat**
- 15 The accident..... near the hospital.
a **occurred** b **took part** c **caused** d **happen** e **took place**
- 16 She was happy when she saw him.
a **quiet** b **quite** c **fairly** d **quit** e **complete**
- 17 It is important to celebrate our.....
a **success** b **disadvantage** c **achievement** d **successful** e **loss**
- 18 I'm not particularly art.
a **interested in** b **keen on** c **enthusiastic of** d **interests** e **help with**
- 19 Things can easily go wrong when people are under
a **merit** b **stress** c **defect** d **pressure** e **cons**
- 20 Father promised to give me **a** an when I pass my exams.
a **award** b **reward** c **present** d **rewarding** e **degree**
- 21 The verb..... collocates with "notes".
a **do** b **make** c **carry** d **take** e **help**
- 22 It was..... of them to invite me to dinner.
a **neighbour** b **neighbourly** c **friendly** d **friend** e **neighbouring**

- 23 Powerlifting is a challenging sport to..... .
a go b make c practice d practise e do
- 24 He wrote his first successful novel 24.
a age b in the age c at the age of d aged e old
- 25 We must look after children disabilities.
a with b who's c who've d whom e whose
- 26 The house a room for guests.
a includes b consist of c contains d content e exclude
- 27 I think need extra support at school.
a disabled people b disabled c the disabled d disability e a disabled
- 28 Everyone in the class is expected to actively in these discussions.
a participate b take part c take place d happen e helps
- 29 She was over the moon because she..... the exam.
a passed b manage c success d succeeded in e failed
- 30 The opposites of "optimistic" are
a hopeless b hopeful c pessimistic d friendly e positive
- 31 She..... to leave that awful man.
a was right b right c had the right d wrong e was the right
- 32 The verb..... collocates with "goal" .
a do b achieve c carry d score e help
- 33 He was frustrated after his marriage went..... .
a wrong b badly c well d bad e awfully
- 34 He was of committing serious crimes.
a guilty b accused c charged d guilt e innocence
- 35 "Argument" and "agreement" are
a synonyms b antonyms c opposites d acronyms e equals
- 36 The accident took place around 6 a.m. the synonyms of "take place" are
a go b happen c stop d standstill e occur



Exercise on Vocabulary

- 37 In case of fire, keep calm and evacuate the building quickly. The synonyms of evacuate are
a ignore b leave c observe d clear
- 38 I don't have a/an to shrimps, so I can eat it without worrying.
a energy b allergy c power d relief
- 39 Jana usually changes the once a week. She's keen to have a healthy place to sleep in.
a drink b food c pudding d bedding
- 40 The government is trying to improve measures on all railways.
a safety b risk c danger d threat
- 41 Don't worry; all the information you need is on our website.
a forbidden b available c unavailable d hidden
- 42 There are a lot of DOs and DON'Ts to follow for a life.
a healthiness b healthily c health d healthy
- 43 You should learn how to first aid as long as you travel a lot by car.
a supply b do c make d take
- 44 The in our field is very fertile. It is suitable for growing vegetables.
a soil b sail c seal d soul

- 45 We must teach children how to the danger of fire.
a stick b avoid c involve d fear
- 46 We need to make the working day more flexible. Flexible is the antonym of
a fixed b changeable c adaptable d easy
- 47 Do you agree that the internet is the best?
a exploration b invention c discovery d recovery
- 48 GPS enables you to your journey from one place to another.
a drive b arrive c lose d navigate
- 49 I'm sure you will solve this problem your own.
a on b from c with d by
- 50 The policemen at the terrorists to prevent them from escaping.
a frightened b fired c feared d terrified
- 51 I don't know who will..... the next match; the two teams have efficient players.
a earn b gain c beat d win
- 52 A/An is a large hill from which fire and rocks sometimes come out.
a storm b volcano c earthquake d well
- 53 The internet makes life easier. You can buy things online with a/an of a button.
a delete b click c push d attack
- 54 A..... is a machine that is controlled by a computer.
a raise b radio c robot d rabbit
- 55 Don't be cruel to animals. Cruel is similar in meaning to.....
a effective b cooperative c harsh d tolerant
- 56 He was depressed and in a confused state of mind. The synonym of confused is.....
a clear b alerted c confessed d puzzled
- 57 The child jumped into the shallow water. The antonym of shallow is
a frozen b rocky c airy d deep
- 58 The government plans to provide a good system to develop global citizens.
a exploration b civilization c education d cultivation
- 59 In the past, rich families employed to teach their children at home.
a housekeepers b housewives c servants d governesses
- 60 Can you this high shelf to bring down the dictionary?
a go b reach c arrive d get
- 61 The poor child's parents died when he was five. He is a/an
a orphan b governess c widow d teacher
- 62 The young man tried tothe small boat alone.
a dive b drive c float d paddle
- 63 Ashrafthat he was mistaken, so he apologized.
a told b realized c recognized d convinced
- 64 The assistant climbed up onto the of the ship before it sailed.
a date b duck c deck d desk
- 65 I am sure this ointment will help heal your
a whale b wing c wind d wound
- 66 Nadeem..... the present in gift paper before he gave it to his friend.
a crept b swept c clapped d wrapped
- 67 Don't be cruel to that cat. The antonym of cruel is
a sad b careful c merciful d violent
- 68 In case of fire, keep calm and the building quickly.
a evacuate b remain c remove d attack

- 69 Ten people at..... were injured because of the bus accident. I think the number will increase.
a **least** b **most** c **list** d **last**
- 70 Early explorers used to by observing the stars.
a **remain** b **irrigate** c **navigate** d **evacuate**
- 71 is the most useful invention if you don't know how to find a place.
a **CRP** b **GPS** c **ICU** d **CCU**
- 72 It is the duty of international charity organizations to give due care to
a **criminals** b **members** c **orphans** d **organs**
- 73 The we employed in our house does all the housework carefully.
a **governess** b **servant** c **guest** d **host**
- 74 My brother had an accident. He returned home with a around his arm.
a **bandage** b **message** c **package** d **passage**
- 75 Omar has a new on his smartphone to understand foreign languages.
a **chat** b **app** c **internet** d **click**
- 76 The students answered all the questions in the and then checked their scores.
a **feedback** b **invention** c **quiz** d **computer**
- 77 My dad uses if he doesn't know which road to take.
a **vehicle** b **app** c **translation** d **GPS**
- 78 In the future, we will have the to travel to space on our holidays.
a **technology** b **invention** c **internet** d **robot**
- 79 Kamal his homework when he went to the cinema.
a **had finished** b **finished** c **was finishing** d **would finish**
- 80 I have a bad cold, so it is difficult for me to
a **breathe** b **research** c **wash** d **respond**
- 81 We should always put our plastic rubbish in a separate
a **wrap** b **bin** c **dust** d **floor**
- 82 Fortunately, the police could the mystery and catch the criminal.
a **solve** b **make** c **find** d **do**
- 83 It's very easy to .. around in that city because the public transport is cheap and efficient
a **get** b **find** c **stay** d **say**
- 84 There was an emergency so the school was
a **served** b **navigated** c **evacuated** d **injured**
- 85 The boys could help the injured man because they had learnt about
a **danger** b **first aid** c **hygiene** d **emergency services**
- 86 Khaled loves his job because it's very
a **stressful** b **rewarding** c **qualified** d **boring**
- 87 Gamal wants to do a / an to learn how to be a builder.
a **attendant** b **industry** c **apprenticeship** d **degree**
- 88 The most important skill for a teacher is to be a good
a **reward** b **communicator** c **construction** d **qualification**
- 89 I didn't enjoy that novel because the was very complicated.
a **plot** b **characters** c **publisher** d **poet**
- 90 Becoming a world champion in your sport is an amazing
a **competition** b **winner** c **medal** d **achievement**
- 91 He inspired many young people to take up the sport. The synonym of inspire is
a **encourage** b **depress** c **hate** d **dislike**

- 92 The company must be able to compete in the international market. Compete is the antonym of
 a help b challenge c give up d race
- 93 Athletes play well and against each other to win medals.
 a complete b compete c complement d compliment
- 94 Suppose I suffered from a reading or , worse yet, was illiterate?
 a disabled b disability c ability d abled
- 95 80% of union are opposed to going on strike over this issue.
 a reminds b members c organs d remembers
- 96 Television has such an on our kids.
 a impact b affect c effective d influential
- 97 My parents encouraged my in science.
 a interest b interested c interesting d interestingly
- 98 Government departments are in direct with each other for limited resources.
 a compare b compete c competition d competitor
- 99 I regret to inform you that your application was
 a successful b unsuccessful c success d succeed
- 100 I'm going to start a/an against cutting down trees in my town.
 a camp b campaign c chaos d advice
- 101 He is really , he did many bad things against the law.
 a guilt b guiltless c guilty d guiltlessness
- 102 I'm sure the police will solve the and arrest the criminal.
 a riddle b mystery c myth d puzzle
- 103 Hana loves animals, so she wants to be a
 a teacher b plumber c vet d baker
- 104 After the accident, Lara couldn't walk and she had to use a/an
 a wheelchair b armchair c pair of glasses d muscle
- 105 I want to go to university to study for a/an
 a skill b degree c apprenticeship d contract
- 106 I still don't know what happened to my pen. It's a
 a guilty b criminal c mystery d plot
- 107 He arrived an hour late for the interview. He's not very
 a punctual b honest c flexible d loyal
- 108 It is easy to in touch with your friends.
 a serve b save c safe d keep
- 109 Do you think Dad will you to go to Ali's party?
 a have b let c make d allow
- 110 In the electronics industry, , 5000 jobs are being lost.
 a for sure b for instance c for reason d for help
- 111 Fire alarms forced staff to evacuate the building. The synonym of evacuate is
 a remain b stay c abandon d keep
- 112 For anyone who has to work in streets, personal is fundamental.
 a hunger b hygienist c sanitation d hygiene
- 113 I'll put an announcement up on the
 a broad b abroad c board d aboard
- 114 There is very little between the two tribes.
 a contact b content c connects d contract

- 115 Meetings were held to update employees as soon as new information became
 a **unavailable** b **value** c **availability** d **available**
- 116 All the cells and in the body benefit from the increased intake of oxygen.
 a **dust** b **tissues** c **bacterium** d **floor**
- 117 He constantly about how he's treated at work.
 a **denies** b **compliment** c **complaints** d **complains**
- 118 The symptoms of the disease tiredness and loss of memory.
 a **contain** b **include** c **consist** d **consists of** ☐
- 119 Even if she didn't want to send a present, she could have sent a card.
 a **last at** b **in list** c **at last** d **at least**
- 120 Her face seems familiar, but I can't quite place her. Familiar is the antonym of
 a **strange** b **usual** c **common** d **comfortable**
- 121 I hope my French will improve when I go to France. The synonym of improve is.....
 a **boost** b **decline** c **good** d **advance**
- 122 When I got home, I found a message stuck to the front door.
 a **mystery** b **mastery** c **mysterious** d **mist**
- 123 Debbie and Chris have just got
 a **engaged** b **engagement** c **egged** d **managed**
- 124 They have no children of their own, but they're hoping to one.
 a **adapt** b **dot** c **adopt** d **a date** ☐
- 125 The search was called off for the sailors who in the storm.
 a **appeared** b **disappeared** c **hidden** d **reappeared**
- 126 I feel so about forgetting her birthday.
 a **guilt** b **guilty** c **gulf** d **glue** ☐
- 127 Do you like living ?
 a **alone** b **lonely** c **soloist** d **only**
- 128 We had to use public transport to
 a **do around** b **make around** c **take around** d **get around**
- 129 GPS helps you to your journey from one place to another.
 a **navigate** b **navigation** c **navigator** d **navy**
- 130 I decided to follow her and go to bed early.
 a **devise** b **advice** c **advise** d **device**
- 131 She was pleased with her success. The synonym of success is.....
 a **miss** b **defeat** c **achievement** d **loss**
- 132 She comes from a very wealthy family. The synonym of wealthy is.....
 a **broke** b **rich** c **common** d **poor**
- 133 There's water all over the kitchen floor. We should call a
 a **vet** b **farmer** c **police officer** d **plumber**
- 134 I can't eat strawberries because I have a/an
 a **allergy** b **hygiene** c **bacteria** d **danger**
- 135 Nadia wants to in the national swimming championships next year.
 a **achieve** b **compete** c **cycle** d **campaign**
- 136 Winning the silver medal in powerlifting was the greatest Of his life.
 a **achievement** b **campaign** c **competitor** d **activist**
- 137 My sister has a new job but it is very , so she's unhappy and tired.
 a **rewarding** b **practical** c **reliable** d **stressful**

- 138 Wael wants to help other people and keep them safe, so he's training to be a/an ...
 a weaver b police officer c office-worker d baker
- 139 Does he have the right to become a Supreme Court Justice?
 a qualifies b qualified c qualifications d qualify
- 140 What are the legal consequences of breaking a ?
 a contact b contrast c contract d communicate
- 141 Do something before going to bed; read a book, or take a hot bath.
 a tired b tiring c relaxed d relaxing
- 142 The most effect of retirement is a dramatic reduction in living standards.
 a regularly b gradually c immediately d immediate
- Novel**
- 143 of all the participating countries are flying outside the stadium.
 a Flogs b Figs c Flags d Fats
- 144 Ten witnesses are expected to testify at the today.
 a try b trying c trial d toil
- 145 The gates were locked with a padlock and a heavy steel
 a serial b chain c chin d gain
- 146 A Spanish member had been washed overboard in the storm.
 a staff b crew c stuff d cow
- 147 The house was surrounded by a tall, wooden
 a face b trench c wall d fence
- 148 We dropped the and stopped at the shore.
 a weapon b anchor c trench d tent
- 149 How does it feel to be back in civilization after all those weeks in a ?
 a tent b ten c tenant d tan
- 150 Keep away from the edge of the you might fall.
 a calf b cliff c cold d colt
- 151 The mystery was solved when the police discovered the murder
 a weapon b web c stab d dragon ☐
- 152 After years of rivalry, the two companies have agreed to a
 a truth b sauce c track d truce ☐
- 153 A..... is a short pole that is wide and flat at the end, used for moving a boat in water.
 a bill b pole c paddle d pollen
- 154 Food in the camp were already running out.
 a supplements b supplies c monopolies d provide
- 155 The ship passed Land's End, then towards southern Ireland.
 a steered b stored c stained d star
- 156 The boat along the coast.
 a silly b saddened c sailed d sold
- 157 Ensure the wound is free from dirt before applying the
 a bond b badge c bandage d band
- 158 The fox got its foot caught in a
 a trip b tramp c trap d cramp
- 159 He was accused of being a member of a that robbed the bank.
 a band b bang c ring d gang
- 160 The people of your planet once believed their world was
 a parrot b torch c fat d flat

الاستنتاج

Modal verbs of deduction

Key words

- I'm sure
- I'm certain
- I think
- I believe
- Certainly
- Impossible

- I'm not sure
- I'm not certain
- perhaps
- I suppose
- It is probable
- It is possible

Present Deduction

استنتاج في المضارع

must

+

inf.

استنتاج مؤكد في المضارع

He owns a very expensive flat. He **must be** rich.

can't

+

inf.

استنتاج مستبعد في المضارع

He owns a very expensive flat. He **can't be** poor.

might (may - could)

+

inf.

استنتاج محتمل (ضعيف) في المضارع

I don't know whose book this is. It **might be** Toka's.

Past Deduction

استنتاج في الماضي

must have

+

p.p.

استنتاج مؤكد في الماضي

He succeeded in his exam. He **must have studied** hard.

can't have

+

p.p.

استنتاج مستبعد في الماضي

He failed in his exam. He **can't have studied** hard.

might (may - could) have

+

P.P.

استنتاج محتمل (ضعيف) في الماضي

I couldn't find my wallet, I **might have left** it at home.



Exercise on Grammar

- Miss Amany is a nurse, so shebe very caring.
a **must** b **can** c **mustn't** d **have to**
- That.....be my book. I have **my mine** in my bag.
a **must** b **can** c **can't** d **doesn't**
- Mona was absent from school yesterday, so sheill.
a **must have been** b **can't be** c **had to be** d **mustn't be**
- Look! That is the gold medalthe athlete won at the Paralympics.
a **who** b **which** c **where** d **when**
- The customer.....the shop assistant for some help.
a **told** b **said** c **thought** d **asked**
- Fatma.....her sister that she was going to the library to study.
a **said** b **asked** c **requested** d **told**
- Hazem asked.....he could leave the lesson early.
a **that** b **whether** c **weather** d **to** □
- A new school..... in our village last year.
a **built** b **was built** c **was building** d **had been built**
- You make a loud noise in the library or you will get into trouble.
a **can** b **should** c **mustn't** d **must**

- 10 If Magda a language course, she would be able to speak to foreigners.
a **does** b **will do** c **did** d **would do** ☐
- 11 What would you do if your friend an accident?
a **have** b **would have** c **has** d **had**
- 12 The person is teaching us this week is not our usual teacher.
a **whose** b **who** c **which** d **what**
- 13 If he cut his finger with that knife, it terribly.
a **hurts** b **will hurt** c **would hurt** d **hurt**
- 14 If I wasn't busy, I would come your party. This means that I..... busy.
a **am not** b **am** c **was not** d **was**
- 15 We learn computer skills at school because they are very useful.
a **mustn't** b **should** c **can't** d **don't**
- 16 Sherif his dad to give him a lift to school because he was late.
a **asked** b **questioned** c **said** d **wondered**
- 17 The lady taken to hospital in an ambulance after the fire last night.
a **will be** b **had been** c **is** d **was**
- 18 When the alarm rings, we the building.
a **would leave** b **left** c **leaving** d **leave**
- 19 Samya didn't buy the new dress until her mother..... her enough money.
a **will give** b **have given** c **had given** d **was given**
- 20 Grandma usually a short nap if she feels tired.
a **will take** b **takes** c **took** d **take**
- 21 The giant container ship..... successfully after it had blocked navigation in the Suez Canal.
a **has floated** b **was floated** c **had been floated** d **floats**
- 22 You park here; it's not allowed.
a **shouldn't** b **must** c **needn't** d **mustn't**
- 23 A nurse is a hard-working person is caring and reliable.
a **who** b **she** c **which** d **what**
- 24 You use your phone while you're driving. It's dangerous.
a **must** b **can** c **mustn't** d **should**
- 25 If Samia the entrance test, she will go to Cairo University next year.
a **would pass** b **will pass** c **passes** d **passed**
- 26 The teacher asked the students had understood the explanation.
a **what** b **to** c **so** d **whether**
- 27 Luxor is a city is famous across the world.
a **who** b **when** c **where** d **which**
- 28 How you feel if you won the competition ?
a **do** b **are** c **would** d **will**
- 29 Maya the nurse that she was feeling ill.
a **asked** b **said** c **made** d **told**
- 30 The emergency services have arrived. There have been an accident.
a **must** b **can't** c **should** d **mustn't**
- 31 I don't know where Lina is. She have gone to the sports centre.
a **can** b **shouldn't** c **might** d **mustn't**
- 32 You eat too much fat if you want to lead a healthy life.
a **shouldn't** b **must** c **should** d **needn't**

- 33 You smoke in public places.
a **shouldn't** b **must** c **should** d **mustn't**
- 34 You won't be able to enter the club you carry your membership card.
a **in case** b **if** c **unless** d **without**
- 35 I think he surprised if he read the latest news.
a **was** b **will be** c **would be** d **is**
- 36 If you throw a piece of rock into the river, it
a **would sink** b **would be sunk** c **sink** d **sinks**
- 37 I found the gold watch which I last Friday.
a **had last** b **was lost** c **have lost** d **had been lost**
- 38 you hit her car on purpose or by accident?
a **will** b **Did** c **had** d **Do**
- 39 I was finally able to answer that question when I the lesson again.
a **have revised** b **will revise** c **am revising** d **had revised**
- 40 Having the good news, I hurried to tell my family.
a **receiving** b **received** c **had received** d **have received**
- 41 Have you sent the email? - Yes, I it an hour ago.
a **have sent** b **was sending** c **sent** d **will send**
- 42 I read the novel you me; thanks a lot. You can take it back now.
a **had lent** b **will lend** c **hadn't lent** d **was lent**
- 43 As soon as I met my friend, I him about the latest news.
a **had told** b **told** c **will tell** d **was told**
- 44 I didn't leave the house until my friend me.
a **had telephoned** b **was telephoning** c **will telephone** d **has telephoned**
- 45 I had done my homework, I watched TV.
a **By the time** b **While** c **After** d **Before**
- 46 You will miss the lecture you come on time.
a **if** b **unless** c **because** d **in case of**
- 47 I would travel to Alexandria tomorrow if my car
a **was repairing** b **would repair** c **repaired** d **was repaired**
- 48 If I were you, I in a different way.
a **have behaved** b **would behave** c **behaved** d **will behave**
- 49 Which mobile phone if you had enough money?
a **will you have bought** b **would you buy** c **will you buy** d **you would buy**
- 50 She failed. She is absolutely delighted
a **must have** b **can't have** c **should have** d **might have**
- 51 Surely he finished his tea already. It was really hot.
a **can't have** b **must have** c **shouldn't have** d **might have**
- 52 Nader cold. He isn't wearing a jacket.
a **must be** b **can't be** c **might be** d **must have**
- 53 I'm sure she been telling the truth. Everyone said the same thing.
a **must have** b **can't have** c **might have** d **can have**
- 54 It have started raining. Everyone put their umbrellas up.
a **ought to** b **can't** c **must** d **might**
- 55 "Cigarette?" he said. "No, thanks," I said. He me a cigarette **but I**.
a **suggests / denied** b **offered / admitted**
c **offered / refused** d **suggests / oppose**

- 56 Our car broke down again; it repaired properly yesterday.
a **can't have** b **can't have been** c **mustn't have been** d **shouldn't have** ☐
- 57 Ahmed happy. He has just won a gold medal.
a **might be** b **mightn't be** c **must be** d **can't be**
- 58 I would be working in Italy if I Italian well.
a **have spoken** b **speak** c **would speak** d **spoke**
- 59 You shouldn't waste your time watching too much TV; it's to do so.
a **inadvisable** b **advisable** c **necessary** d **allowed**
- 60 What do to keep healthy? - I advise you to eat healthy food.
a **ought I** b **I must** c **should I** d **did I**
- 61 Samir should the paragraph to correct his mistakes.
a **rewrote** b **rewriting** c **rewrites** d **rewrite**
- 62 As a doctor, my best advice to you is that you eat a lot of sweets.
a **may not** b **ought not to** c **wouldn't** d **need not**
- 63 I was exhausted at the end of the exam. I two essays for over two hours.
a **had been writing** b **have been writing** c **had written** d **have written**
- 64 It until Jana had got permission from father that she left for the club.
a **didn't** b **wasn't** c **hasn't** d **hadn't** ☐
- 65 By the time we, we had been flying for six hours.
a **arrival** b **had arrived** c **arrived** d **arriving**
- 66 No sooner the noise than we rushed to the spot.
a **had we heard** b **we did hear** c **we had heard** d **did we hear**
- 67 I wish I that food yesterday. I got very sick because of it.
a **had eaten** b **didn't eat** c **hadn't eaten** d **would eat**
- 68 I didn't go shopping I had finished the housework.
a **as soon as** b **after** c **before** d **until**
- 69 I was very angry because when I arrived at the station, the train
a **had left** b **has left** c **is leaving** d **leaves** ☐
- 70 No noise; patients need rest. You keep quiet.
a **shouldn't** b **must** c **should** d **mustn't**
- 71 This is Toka about I talked to you.
a **whose** b **whom** c **that** d **who's** ☐
- 72 I met the doctor car was stolen last week.
a **who** b **whom** c **whose** d **which**
- 73 Name the actor plays Salah El Deen.
a **which** b **whom** c **who** d **whose**
- 74 You take photographs here; it is a military area.
a **mustn't** b **shouldn't** c **should** d **must**
- 75 You keep away from uncovered electric wires or you will be electrocuted.
a **shouldn't** b **mustn't** c **ought** d **must**
- 76 You do more sport to keep fit; it is advisable.
a **shouldn't** b **have to** c **ought** d **should**
- 77 If you see an accident, the police at once.
a **telephone** b **will telephone** c **should telephone** d **must telephone**
- 78 Mr Gaber, is a sales manager, lives next door to us.
a **that** b **which** c **who** d **whose**

- 79 The temple of Karnak, many pillars are very tall, was built over 1,000 years ago.
a when b who c whose d which
- 80 My grandfather is the person knows most about our family history.
a where b when c which d who
- 81 I've finished a novel the main character is an 8-year-old boy.
a which b whose c in which d who
- 82 The first of October is the day I was born.
a that b when c which d whom
- 83 Can you please repeat the name of the medicine you just took?
a where b that c who d in which
- 84 Aya, lives on my street, said there was a problem with the water.
a whom b who c that d whose
- 85 Please, tell me all happened to you in the accident.
a what b which c why d whose
- 86 I my friend why I didn't go out yesterday.
a asked b told c said d wondered
- 87 Could you kindly tell me where?
a is the manager b was the manager c the manager is d the manager was
- 88 Sham el-Nessim is a day marks the beginning of spring.
a which b whose c whom d who
- 89 We'll give a prize to the company exports are good.
a which b who's c whose d who
- 90 He inquired what been doing since he last met me.
a was I b I was c I had d had I
- 91 He if it remained cloudy, we would stay home.
a wondered b said c asked d told
- 92 My brother and I have had a phone conversation we discussed our plans.
a which b in which c to which d what
- 93 It's to take some rest.
a mustn't b must c necessity d necessary
- 94 Where on holiday?
a should she to go b should she go c should go she d should she going
- 95 Mother asked me all the money.
a Why had I spent b that I had spent c if I had spent d when I spend
- 96 The teacher the students to work in pairs.
a inquired b encouraged c warned d said
- 97 Aya said that would lend her car if I needed it.
a he / me b I / her c she / me d they / it
- 98 The General Manager that he was going to give us a raise for our great efforts.
a told b asked c declared d ordered
- 99 Wael me that he was going to have his teeth checked.
a asked b told c said d announced
- 100 Doaa to break up with him if Jack didn't stop smoking.
a said b warned c told d threatened
- 101 Aya said she had not visited her aunt
a yesterday b the day after c the previous day d the following day

- 102 If he thirsty he would have drunk some water.
a **had had** a **had been** c **were** d **was**
- 103 You revise for the exam; it's my advice.
a **must** b **should** c **shouldn't** d **mustn't**
- 104 Your lessons well.
a **should revise** b **should be revised** c **must revise** d **should be revising**
- 105 It's You should take some rest.
a **necessity** b **advisable** c **a must** d **inadvisable**
- 106 I would have closed the window if it cold.
a **were** a **was been** c **had being** d **had been**
- 107 I you all about it if you had the time.
a **tell** b **told** c **would tell** d **will tell**
- 108 What did you do before you came to school yesterday morning?
a **have to** b **have** c **must** d **had to**
- 109 I his address, I could visit him.
a **Had** b **If** c **Should** d **Were**
- 110 water, all people would die.
a **In case of** b **But for** c **If** d **Even if**
- 111 Ahmed is a really nice person. You meet him.
a **shouldn't** b **mustn't** c **has to** d **must**
- 112 Why did he get up early? He got up so early. He could have stayed in bed longer.
a **have to have** b **must have** c **needn't have** d **needn't**
- 113 You take photos here. It's forbidden.
a **shouldn't** b **mustn't** c **must** d **should**
- 114 You missed a great party last night. You come. Why didn't you?
a **should** b **shouldn't** c **should have** d **must**
- 115 We break traffic signs. It is against law.
a **shouldn't** b **mustn't** c **must** d **should**
- 116 "No Smoking" means you smoke here.
a **a must** b **should** c **mustn't** d **shouldn't**
- 117 You aren't allowed to park here; you do it.
a **shouldn't** b **mustn't** c **must** d **should**
- 118 You to walk too much in the sun.
a **ought** b **oughtn't** c **should** d **shouldn't**
- 119 It is a to turn right.
a **necessary** b **must** c **obligatory** d **permitted**
- 120 You go outside. It's raining.
a **should** b **have** c **must** d **shouldn't**
- 121 You spend much time watching TV. It's a waste of time.
a **must** b **should** c **shouldn't** d **can**
- 122 Hala go to hospital yesterday as she was ill.
a **mustn't** b **must** c **has to** d **had to**
- 123 This is a one-way street. You go that way.
a **mustn't** b **needn't** c **shouldn't** d **oughtn't**
- 124 She that she was living with her family.
a **told** b **said** c **asked** d **ordered**

- 125 Ahmed Ali had never been to Aswan.
a **said** b **told** c **asked** d **ordered**
- 126 She told the police that her purse had been robbed the.....
a **following day** b **day previous** c **day before** d **next day**
- 127 Ali told me that he his homework at that moment.
a **had done** b **has been doing** c **will do** d **was doing**
- 128 She.....better leave now if she wants to catch the train.
a **will** b **would** c **could** d **had**
- 129 If he.....a stone, he'll break the window.
a **thrown** b **threw** c **throws** d **throw**
- 130 If ice is heated, it.....
a **will melt** b **melts** c **would melt** d **may melt**
- 131 I wouldn't get so angry with you if youmore work done.
a **get** b **got** c **would get** d **had got**
- 132 If he read the story, he give it to me?
a **will** b **Does** c **would** d **would have**
- 133 If I make some coffee, this cake?
a **do you eat** b **will you eat** c **have you eaten** d **would you eat**
- 134 If you mix red and white, you pink.
a **got** b **gets** c **would get** d **get**
- 135 If he..... pay the fine, he may go to prison.
a **didn't** b **doesn't** c **isn't** d **wasn't**
- 136 If I had written works, I it at once.
a **would publish** b **published** c **will publish** d **'d have published**
- 137a movie star, I could get any table in the fanciest restaurant.
a **Were I** b **Was I** c **Am I** d **If I am**
- 138 he a proper plan, he wouldn't waste his time.
a **Had** b **Were** c **If** d **Unless**
- 139 of the right words, I would have told him what I was thinking!
a **I had thought** b **Had I thought** c **Were I to think** d **Should I think**
- 140he finishes his studies, he'll find an excellent job.
a **Unless** b **Provided** c **Supplied** d **Conditioned**
- 141 he to help us, we would be saved.
a **If** b **were** c **had** d **should**
- 142 that you lived by the sea, what would you do every day?
a **Condition** b **As long** c **Imagine** d **Supposed**
- 143 him, I wouldn't have been able to survive.
a **If** b **Unless** c **Without** d **Provided**
- 144 Before Ali went to Canada in the winter, he snow.
a **didn't see** b **never saw** c **had never seen** d **has not seen**
- 145 Aya watched television after her lesson.
a **has written** b **writing** c **wrote** d **had written**
- 146 repaired, the car looked like a new one.
a **Had** b **Having** c **No sooner** d **Having been**
- 147 had he finished reading the book when he returned it.
a **Having** b **No sooner** c **Hardly** d **It wasn't until**

- 148 By 2019, we building this flyover bridge.
a finish b **had finished** c finished d had been finishing
- 149 After he the robbers, he phoned the police.
a seeing b **had seen** c seen d has seen
- 150 No sooner had they found the wallet they called the police.
a then b **that** c when d **than**
- 151 He didn't start to answer the questions until the questions.
a reads b read c **had read** d **reading**
- 152 My clothes were dirty because I the car all morning.
a **had been repairing** b **had repaired** c repaired d repairing
- 153 I the office until I have finished all my work.
a don't leave b **hadn't left** c **won't leave** d didn't leave
- 154 No sooner the noise than we rushed to the spot.
a **had we heard** b **we did hear** c **we had heard** d do we hear
- 155 I answered the questions I had read them carefully.
a till b **as soon as** c until d before
- 156 I couldn't phone my friend as I my phone at home.
a was leaving b has left c **had left** d was left
- 157 Nada said she ate too many sweets.
a than b **whether** c **that** d if
- 158 Ahmed told me that he to Alexandria the week before.
a goes b **had been** c has been d is going
- 159 My brother said that he on holiday the following week.
a will go b **will be going** c **was going** d had gone
- 160 Ali said that he tired the day before.
a was b **had been** c had had d has been
- 161 He said that the ocean..... deeper than the sea.
a was b will be c **is** d would be
- 162 The farmers said that they..... organic fertilizers then.
a used b **were using** c was using d had used
- 163 Our teacher says that he..... ready to help all the pupils.
a would be b **is** c had been d was
- 164 He said just now that he a new car next month as planned.
a would buy b will buy c **is going to buy** d buys
- 165 It was the most beautiful painting I ever seen.
a have b **had** c would have d should have
- 166 They train hard before the athletics competition took place.
a **would have to** b must c **had had to** d cant have
- 167 He just said that he hungry.
a was b **is being** c **is** d was being
- 168 , I wouldn't travel by car.
a Had I you b **Were I you** c Should I you d If I you
- 169 When he saw me , he his way to avoid me.
a **had changed** b was changed c **had been changed** d **changed**
- 170 Could you tell me why to the hospital yesterday ?
a **you went** b did you go c **had you gone** d you had gone

Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

School is the second best home for students. They spend a lot of time there. East or west, school is the best. Let's shed more light on that topic in a few more details.

Students' classmates are like brothers to them. Teachers act as their family members: caring for them, not ignoring their needs and keeping good eyes on them. Students like spending nice time at school. There are playgrounds to practise many games in it. Students can do their hobbies there: they can play music or chess, and do different activities. They can take part in many activities such as reading in the library, cleaning their school and classrooms, planting trees and flowers, writing poetry or articles, playing in the playground, helping their society in any form. All members at school have a duty towards students.

The director or the school can make things easy for students to feel at home. He/She can give instructions to the staff to do all what they can to motivate and encourage their students. Teachers should help their students in the same way that parents do. Teachers should make school a place to love for students. They must help students with their different problems. It is necessary that a teacher offer help and aid for his students, so that they can feel trust in their teachers. Students, also, have a role to play: they should be quiet, polite and active. They must obey their teachers as this can help in the reform of schools and education. If students are encouraged to love their school, won't they become more and more successful?

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 What does the underlined word "there" refer to?
 a home b school c class d playground
- 2 Students can spend time at school.
 a bad b worse c terrible d good
- 3 A suitable title for this passage would be
 a the school year b the director c students d teachers
- 4 Reading, cleaning, writing, playing and helping students are
 a a play b a sport c a game d activities
- 5 The underlined verb "take part" means the same as.....
 a share b replace c take place d happen
- 6 If teachers and students work together well, will be better.
 a our country b schools c students d A, B and C
- 7 What is the opposite of the underlined adjective "active"?
 a concious b alert c lazy d aware
- 8 The underlined word "He/She" refer to
 a the director b the staff c the student d the classmate
- 9 Students must their teachers' advice to become better.
 a refuse b follow c deny d object to
- 10 Teachers areto parents in looking after students.
 a different b unlike c unlikely d similar

Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

Plants have been used for treating illnesses since primitive times. Paintings in the tombs of the pharaohs show that plants were being used by the Ancient Egyptians for medicinal purposes. Today, some drugs are still based on natural herbs. Aspirin, for example, is based on the bark of willow trees.

Natural remedies are attracting increasing attention all over the world. The advantage of herbal medicine is that the whole of the plant can be used. The powerful substance in the plant cures the illness while the contents of the rest of the plant may help to prevent any harmful side effects. In this way, herbal medicines may be safer than chemical ones. Garlic is just one herb which has been used throughout the world as a cure for diseases as it is used to treat hair problems. Similarly, henna, which is known to be good for the hair, can be used in the treatment of cancer.

If you pay a visit to a herbalist shop, you will be struck by different colours and smells. There are jars full of tree barks, roots, powders, oils and spices. The customer enters the shop and explains his symptoms to the herbalist, who will take notes, study medical reports and check his reference books before writing out a prescription.

However, about eighty percent of those who consult a herbalist have already been to a doctor. As a result of the worldwide interest in herbal medicines, Egypt has set aside 50,000 acres of land in Beni Suef and Minya for the cultivation of herbs with medical properties. If this experiment is successful, lots of countries may import herbs from Egypt in the near future.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 Some modern drugs are still based on
 (a) chemicals (b) ancient tombs (c) herbs (d) paintings
- 2 Garlic is used for treating
 (a) skin problems (b) hair problems (c) eyesight (d) hearing
- 3 Chemical medicines are herbal ones.
 (a) safer than (b) as safe as (c) as dangerous as (d) not so safe as
- 4 The underlined word "it" refers to
 (a) henna (b) garlic (c) hair (d) the world
- 5 About of those who consult a herbalist have been to a doctor.
 (a) 80% (b) 18% (c) 90% (d) 88%
- 6 Egypt is expected to natural herbs in the near future.
 (a) import (b) buy (c) export (d) manufacture
- 7 Natural remedies are attracting attention because they
 (a) are used in Egypt (b) have side effects
 (c) can treat a lot of diseases (d) are exported
- 8 is a physical condition that shows you have a particular disease.
 (a) Prescription (b) Property (c) Symptom (d) Remedy
- 9 A herbalist writes out a prescription checking his reference books.
 (a) during (b) after (c) while (d) before
- 10 The pronoun "his" in the third paragraph refers to the
 (a) herbalist (b) shop (c) customer (d) prescription

In my project, I have to write about three powerful women in history. It wasn't easy to decide who to write about because there have been many important women in history. However, I'm going to start with Hatshepsut, who was a ruler of ancient Egypt for a longer than any other woman. She was the daughter of Thutmose. During her time as a pharaoh, she helped to build many important buildings, started trade with new countries and won some wars. She died in around 1458 BCE. Archaeologists didn't know very much about Hatshepsut until the nineteenth century. This might be because pictures and sculptures of the pharaoh showed her as a man.

Next, I want to write about the Chinese Emperor Wu Zetian. She was the ruler of China in the first century. She had a good education and helped to improve Chinese people's education. Wu Zetian, who died at the age of 80, also helped to improve China's agriculture. In that way there was enough food for everyone to eat. She is impressive because she was the only woman in China to have ruled as an Emperor.

Finally I will include Britain's Queen Victoria who ruled from 1873 to 1901. She was a respected Queen for 63 years at a time when Britain was the most powerful country in the world. She was also a wife and a mother of nine children. The Queen insisted on a law to stop people using slaves in 1838. She was also responsible for reducing the number of hours that people had to work in factories.

- 1 What is the main idea of the text?
 - a Women should be rulers.
 - b Women can do great things.
 - c Women were usually not successful in the past.
 - d you can trust Women.
- 2 Which of the following did Hatshepsut not do to help ancient Egypt?
 - a sell goods to other countries
 - b win battles with other countries
 - c help to build
 - d open new schools
- 3 What does the underlined word "this" refer to
 - a Why archaeologists did didn't know very much about Hatshepsut.
 - c Why did people thought Hatshepsut was a man.
 - b Why Hatshepsut died.
 - d Why people painted pictures of Hatshepsut.
- 4 How do you think that Wu Zetian's education helped her to be a good ruler?
 - a She learnt how to help other people.
 - b She could trade with other countries.
 - c She knew about art.
 - d She could win wars.
- 5 How did Wu Zetian make sure that people had enough to eat?
 - a She helped people's education.
 - b She improved farms.
 - c She opened shops.
 - d She opened factories.
- 6 What do you think the word "Emperor" refers to
 - a someone's name
 - b a part of China.
 - c the name of a book.
 - d the title of a ruler.
- 7 The word "archaeologists" mean:
 - a people who study things related to the past.
 - b people who study things related to space.
 - c people who study things related to foreign language.
 - d people who study things related to the future.
- 8 According to the passage , all the following was true about Queen Victoria except:
 - a she was never married.
 - b she ruled Britain for a long time.
 - c she was a powerful ruler.
 - d she cared for workers.
- 9 The writer seems to be someone who is:
 - a an engineer
 - b interested in pharaohs
 - c a researcher
 - d a scientist
- 10 The year 1838 was remarkable because:
 - a Queen Victoria was born
 - b there was a law for workers
 - c there were no slaves
 - d working hours were longer

